IN THE SPECIFICATION

On page 20, please replace paragraph [0077] with the following amended paragraph:

[0077] Referring now to FIGS. 8A through 8E, an embodiment of a cable clip 800 is illustrated. The cable clip 800 comprises a longitudinally extending body 810 having a first coupling mechanism 820a at one end of the body and a second coupling mechanism 820b at an opposing end of the body. Disposed on opposing sides of the body is a plurality of clasps 850, each clasp able [[of]] to secure a cable 2 (shown in dashed line in FIGS. 8B and 8D) to the clip body 810. The clip 800 may be constructed from any suitable material, such as a plastic material, and in another embodiment, the clip 800 is constructed using a molding process (e.g., injection molded plastic). In a further embodiment, the clip 800 is constructed as a single part (as may be achieved by, for example, an injection molding process).

On page 21, please replace paragraph [0078] with the following amended paragraph:

[0078] Each of the clasps 850 is capable of receiving and holding a cable 2, as noted above. The cable 2 may be any type of cable, whether electrical (e.g., copper wire) or optical (e.g., an optical fiber). In one embodiment, each clasp 850 comprise an opposing pair of resiliently flexible arms 851, 852 extending from the clip body 810. The opposing arms 851, 852 define an interior region 855, this interior region having a size and shape that is able to receive a cable 2. The actual size of this region 855 will depend upon the diameter of the cables for which the clip 800 is intended for use with with which the clip 800 is intended to be used. The opposing arms 851, 852 also define a relatively narrower entry 857, the entry 857 opening into the interior region 855. The entry 857 should have a size that is sufficiently

small to prevent the escape of a cable from the clasp 850. Note that, in one embodiment, the clasps 850 may be designed for use with cables of various diameters (e.g., a copper cable and a relatively smaller optical fiber cable). In this embodiment, the entry 857 should be sized to prevent escape of the smaller diameter cable, whereas the interior region 855 should be sized to receive the larger diameter cable.